HYT 221
Digital Humidity and Temperature Module
**For critical application areas**

IST
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Benefits & Characteristics

- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- High chemical resistance
- Wide humidity and temperature range
- Very stable at high humidity
- Mechanically robust

- Excellent humidity/temperature accuracy and stability
- I²C protocol (address 0x28 or alternative address)
- Very low drift
- Interchangeable without adjustments

Illustration[1]
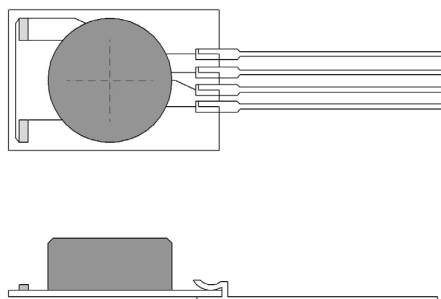
1) For actual size, see mechanical dimensions

Technical Data

Operating temperature range:	-40 °C to +125 °C
Operating humidity range:	0 % RH to 100 % RH
Hysteresis:	< ±1 % RH
Linearity error:	< ±1 % RH
Temperature error:	0.05 % RH/K (0 °C to +60 °C)
Operating voltage:	2.7 V to 5.5 V
Current consumption (nominal):	< 22 µA at 1 Hz measuring rate; 850 µA max.
Current consumption (sleep):	< 1 µA
Digital interface:	I²C, address 0x28 or alternative address
Operating voltage (limits):	-0.3 V to 6 V
Storage conditions:	-20 °C to +50 °C

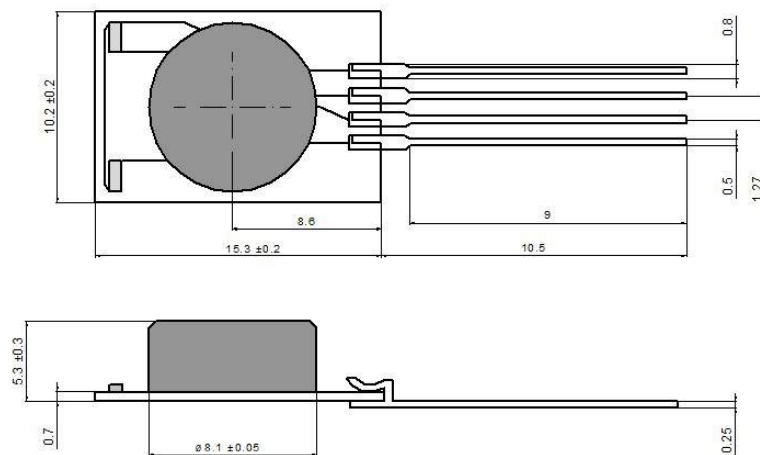|	Humidity	Temperature
Accuracy:	±1.8 % RH at +23 °C (0 % RH to +90 % RH)	±0.2 K (0 °C to +60 °C)
Reproducibility:	±0.2 % RH	±0.1 K
Resolution:	0.02 % RH	+0.015 °C
Response time t_{63}:	< 12 s with membrane filter	< 12 s with membrane filter
Long-term drift:	< 0.5 % RH/a	< 0.05 K/a
Measuring principle:	Capacitive polymer humidity sensor	PTAT (integrated)

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Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Assignment
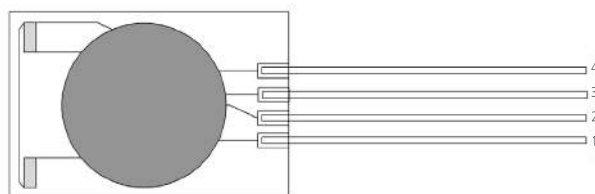
1	2	3	4
SDA	GND	VCC	SCL

Order Information

	HYT 221
Order code	150.00068

Additional Electronics

	Document name:
LabKit:	DHHYTLabKit_E
LCD module:	DHLCD-Modul_E

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For critical application areas

Additional Documents

	Document name:
Application Note:	AHHYTM_E

HYT LCD Module

LCD Module
For evaluation and demonstration of the HYT modules

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Benefits & Characteristics

- Easy usage
- Automatic address determination of connected sensor
- I²C address change possible
- External or internal power supply

- Automatic switchover (internal / external)
- Correction of humidity and temperature measurement values
- Permanent storage of the correction values

Illustration[1]
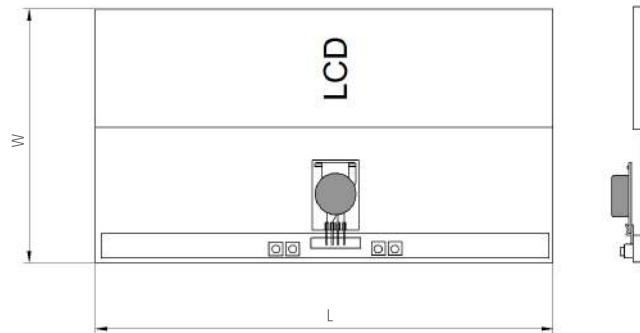
1) For actual size, see dimensions

Technical Data

Dimensions (L x W x in mm):	70 x 40
Humidity output signal:	0 V to 10 V (0 % RH to 100 % RH)
Temperature output signal:	0 V to 10 V (-40 °C to +125 °C)
Sampling time:	1 s
Supply voltage:	3 V by internal CR2032 (battery not included) or 5 V by external supply, reverse polarity protected, automatic switchover
Current consumption:	< 4 mA
Supported sensor:	HYT 271 or HYT 221
Digital interface:	I²C
Display:	LC-display with 2x8 characters
Maximum output load:	10 mA

Order Information[1]

	IST_HYT_LCDmodul
Order code	600.00054

1) The LCD-Module does not contain any sensors. The sensors must be ordered seperately.

HYT LCD Module

LCD Module
For evaluation and demonstration of the HYT modules

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Additional Documents

	Document name:
Datasheet:	DHHYT271_E
Datasheet:	DHHYT221_E
Datasheet:	DHHYT939_E
Application note:	AHHYTM_E

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HYT LabKit with USB-Interface

Digital Humidity and Temperature LabKit
Plug&Play for a fast evaluation of the HYT modules

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Benefits & Characteristics

- PC LabKit with USB-Interface
- Supports HYT 221, HYT 271 and HYT 939
- Calculation of further humidity parameters
- Plug-in connection adapter included
- Only one sensor per LabKit applicable

- Temperature and relative humidity display
- Dew/frost point calculation and further parameters
- Graphic presentation of the measured values
- Evaluation software RECORDER and PCLOG for Windows included

Illustration

cable connector

USB
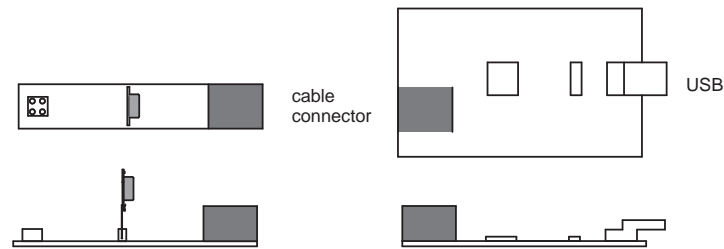
Technical Data[1]

	Humidity	Temperature
Operating range:	0 % RH to 100 % RH	-40 °C to +85 °C
Accuracy:	±1.8 % RH at 23 °C (0 % RH to 90 % RH)	±0.2 K (0 °C to +60 °C)
Resolution:	0.02 % RH	0.015 °C
PC-connection:	USB, 1.1 or 2.0 compatible	
Power supply:	over USB	

1) For further technical information see application note

Order Information[1]

	HYT LabKit
Order code	150.00073

1) The LabKit does not contain any sensors. The sensors must be ordered seperately.

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Additional Documents

	Document name:
Datasheet:	DHHYT271_E
Datasheet:	DHHYT221_E
Datasheet:	DHHYT939_E
Application note:	AHHYTM_E

INNOVATIVE SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

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1.   HYT 221

The round stainless steel casing can easily be fitted into housing openings and can be sealed against the wall with the use of an O-ring. Combined with the waterproof metal filter, it results into an assembly that is splash water proof and enables a sealed housing construction while providing a high dynamic responsiveness. Precisely calibrated, the HYT 221 delivers an accuracy of ±1.8 % RH and ±0.2 °C. Like all representatives of the HYT family, the sensor combines the advantages of a precise, capacitive polymer humidity sensor with the high integration density and functionality of an ASIC. The signal processing integrated in the sensor completely processes the measured data and directly delivers the physical parameters of relative humidity and temperature over the I²C compatible interface as digital values. The module is precisely calibrated by the manufacturer and is therefore fully interchangeable without adjustment.

Both the linearity error as well as the temperature drift are corrected "OnChip" through computation resulting in an outstanding accuracy over a wide range of applications. Due to mechanical robustness, high chemical stability, dew formation resistance as well as excellent long term stability, the typical areas of application are humidity measurement in saunas, applications in outdoor areas or industrial applications in the field of drying systems.

Typical Areas of Application:
- Meteorology
- Industrial drying systems
- Medical devices
- Agriculture
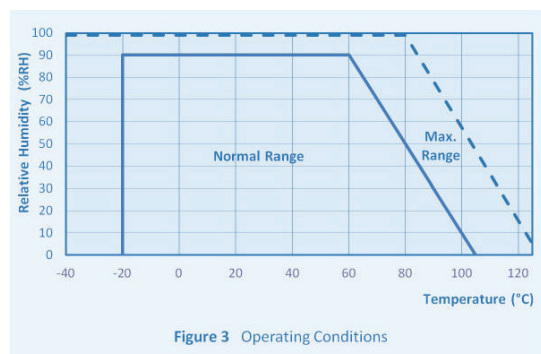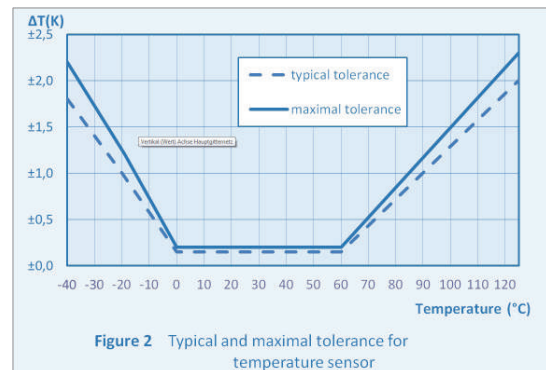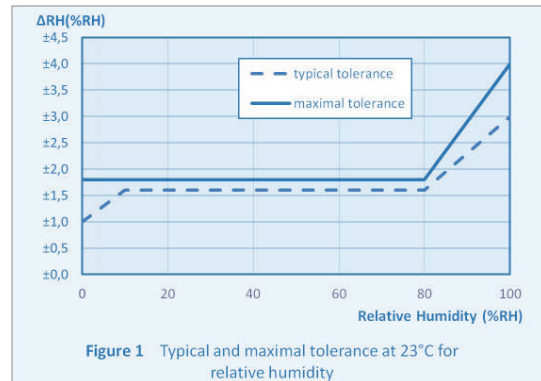
Figure 1   Typical and maximal tolerance at 23°C for relative humidity

Figure 2   Typical and maximal tolerance for temperature sensor

Figure 3   Operating Conditions

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Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Assignment

1	2	3	4
SDA	GND	VCC	SCL

2.   I²C Protocol Description

2.1 I²C Interface and Timing

For integration with a micro-controller, the humidity module has an I²C-compatible interface which supports both 100 kHz and 400 kHz bit rates. The I²C slave address is programmed by default on 0x28 and can be adjusted in the entire address range (0x00 to 0x7F). Hence, up to 126 humidity modules can be operated on a single I²C-Bus.
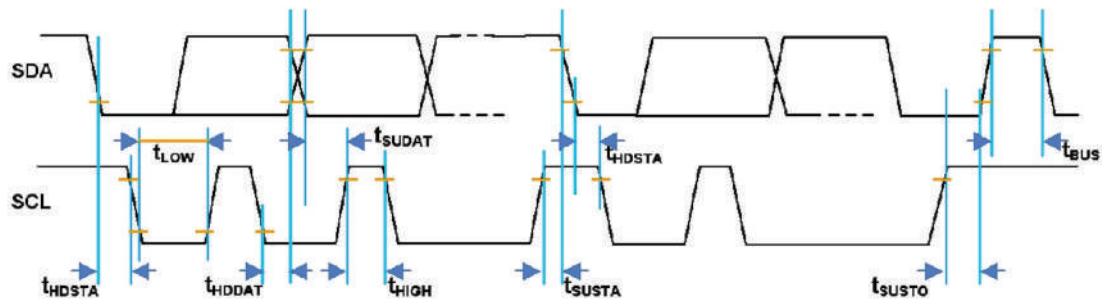
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
SCL clock frequency	fSCL	100	400	kHz
Start condition hold time relative to SCL edge	tHDSTA	0.1		μs
Minimum SCL clock low width 1	tLOW	0.6		μs
Minimum SCL clock high width 1	tHIGH	0.6		μs
Start condition setup time relative to SCL edge	tSUSTA	0.1		μs
Data hold time on SDA relative to SCL edge	tHDDAT	0		μs
Data setup time on SDA relative to SCL edge	tSUDAT	0.1		μs
Stop condition setup time on SCL	tSUSTO	0.1		μs
Bus free time between stop condition and start condition	tBUS	1		μs

There are two I²C commands for the user to access the humidity module:

Command	Description
‚Data Fetch' (DF)	Fetch the last measured value of Humidity / Temperature
‚Measuring Request' (MR)	Start a measuring cycle

In the initial condition, the humidity module is in sleep mode to minimize the current consumption. A new measurement is carried out only after the command measuring request (MR) is received. Access to the status bits and measured values is made by the data fetch (DF) command. Valid data can be fetched only when a measurement cycle (ASIC conversion) is complete. User must wait for the measurement to complete before performing the DF. The status bit of the DF can be used to tell whether the data is valid or stale, but polling for the result must not be done before the time required for conversion has elapsed. The conversion time is between 60 and 100 milliseconds.
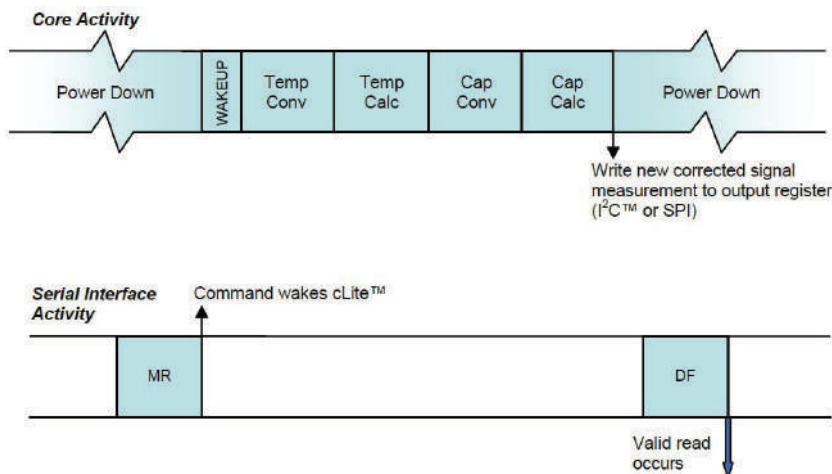
2.2 MR (Measurement Requests)

By a measurement request command, the sleep mode is terminated and the humidity module executes a measurement cycle. The measuring cycle begins with the temperature measurement, followed by humidity measurement, digital signal processing (linearizing, temperature compensation) and finally writes the processed measured values into the output register.

I²C MR - Measurement Request: Slave starts a measurement cycle

| S | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | W | A | S |

Device Slave Address [6:0]

Wait for Slave ACK

| S | Start Condition | S | Stop Condition | A | Acknowledge (ACK) | 2 | Slave Address Bit (Example: Bit 2) | W | Read/Write bit (Example:Write = 0) |

2.3 DF (Data Fetch)

The data fetch command serves to finish reading the output register. The DF command is sent by the master to the humidity module (slave) and begins wit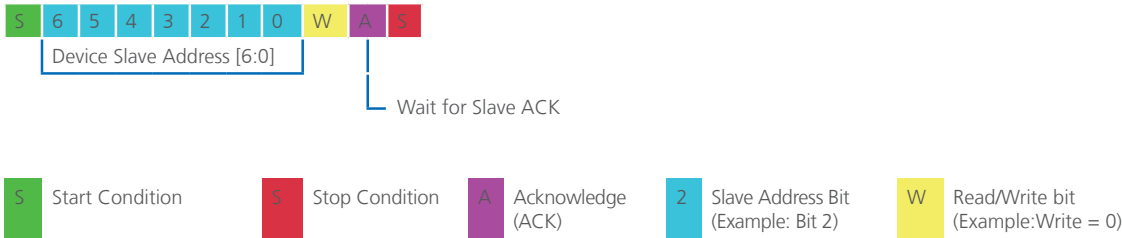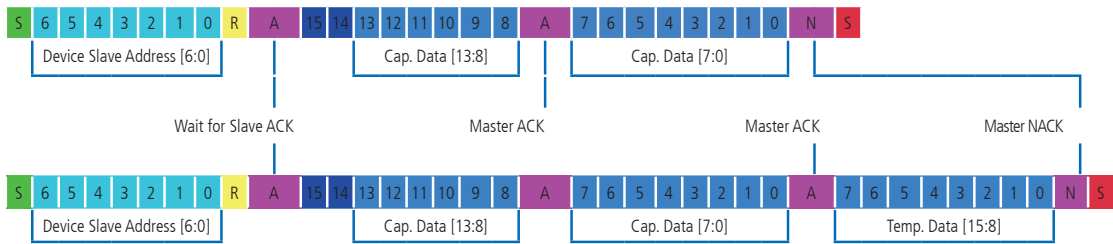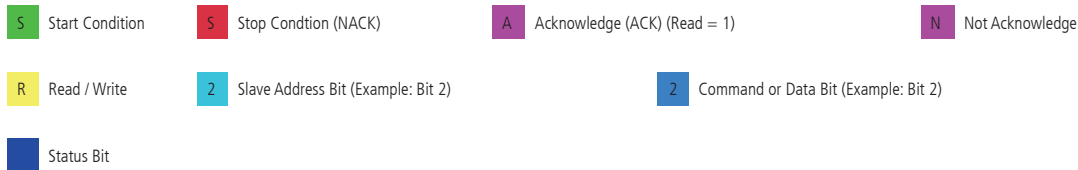h the 7 Bit slave address. The 8th bit is 1 (= read). The humidity module sends back an acknowledgement (ACK = 0) in case of correct addressing. The number of bits, that the humidity module sends back, is completed when the master sends a NACK (ACK = 1) and launches stop condition. The first two bytes of measurement data contain the two status bits as MSB, followed by the humidity value with 14 bits. The MR command consists of the address of the humidity module, with which the R/W bit is transferred as 0 (= write). After the humidity module is answered with ACK (= measurement started), the master finalized the transfer with NACK (ACK = 1) and launches stop condition. If temperature data is needed, these can be read after the humidity value. The most significant 8 bits of the temperature value will be transferred as third byte. Then the least significant 6 bits of the temperature value can be read as the fourth byte. The last two bits are not used and should be masked away. The master has the possibility to terminate the reading after each read byte through a NACK. Hence, it is possible to finish reading even after the first byte and evaluate only the status/stale bit and the master can terminate the transfer without completing the whole cycle. If only the upper 8 bits of the temperature value are to be transferred (8 bit resolution), the transfer can be aborted after the third byte by a NACK.

PC DF - 2 Bytes: Slave returns only capacitnce data to the master in 2 bytes

| S | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | R | A | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | A | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | N | S |

Device Slave Address [6:0]   Cap. Data [13:8]   Cap. Data [7:0]

Wait for Slave ACK   Master ACK   Master ACK   Master NACK

| S | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | R | A | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | A | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | A | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | N | S |

Device Slave Address [6:0]   Cap. Data [13:8]   Cap. Data [7:0]   Temp. Data [15:8]

PC DF - 3 Bytes: Slave returns 2 capacitance data bytes & temperature high byte (T [15:8]) to master

S	Start Condition	S	Stop Condtion (NACK)	A	Acknowledge (ACK) (Read = 1)	N	Not Acknowledge
R	Read / Write	2	Slave Address Bit (Example: Bit 2)	2	Command or Data Bit (Example: Bit 2)		
	Status Bit						

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2.4 Scaling of Measurement Values

T_{raw} and RH_{raw} are the digital 16 bit values submitted by the sensor.

Humidity signal (2 bytes):

The first top bits are status bits with following relevance:

Bit 15: CMode Bit, if 1 – element is in command mode
Bit 14: Stale bit, if 1 – no new value has been created since the last reading.

To mask the 2 top status bits in a 16 bit value, it will be linked logically with 3FFF and AND. The remaining 14 bit represents the measured value. The masked value data now have to be scaled into physical measurement units:

Humidity values will be calculated as follows:

$$RH\ [\%] = (100 / (2^{14} - 1)) * RH_{raw}$$

0x0 complies with 0 % RH
0x3FFF complies with 100 % RH
RH_{raw} = 0x0000 to 0x3FFF (Hex) or 0 to 16383 (Dec)

Temperature signal (2 bytes):
The bits 15 to 2 represent the 14 bit measured value. Bit 1 and 0 are not used. The value data now have to be scaled into physical measurement units:

Temperature values will be calculated as follows:

$$T\ [°C] = (165 / (2^{14} - 1)) * T_{raw} - 40$$

0x0 complies with -40 °C
0x3FFF complies with +125 °C
T_{raw} = 0x0000 to 0x3FFF (Hex) or 0 to 16383 (Dec)

C-Code examples are available upon request.

Example:

	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4
	31 dec	109 dec	96 dec	72 dec
bin	0001.1111	0110.1101	0110.0000	0100.1000
	Humidity 14 bit right-adjusted		Temperature 14 bit left-adjusted	
hex	1F6D		1812	
dec	8045 x 100/16383 =		6162 x 165/16383 - 40 =	
	49.1 % RH		22.06 °C	

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2.5 I2C pull up resistor

i.e. HYT271
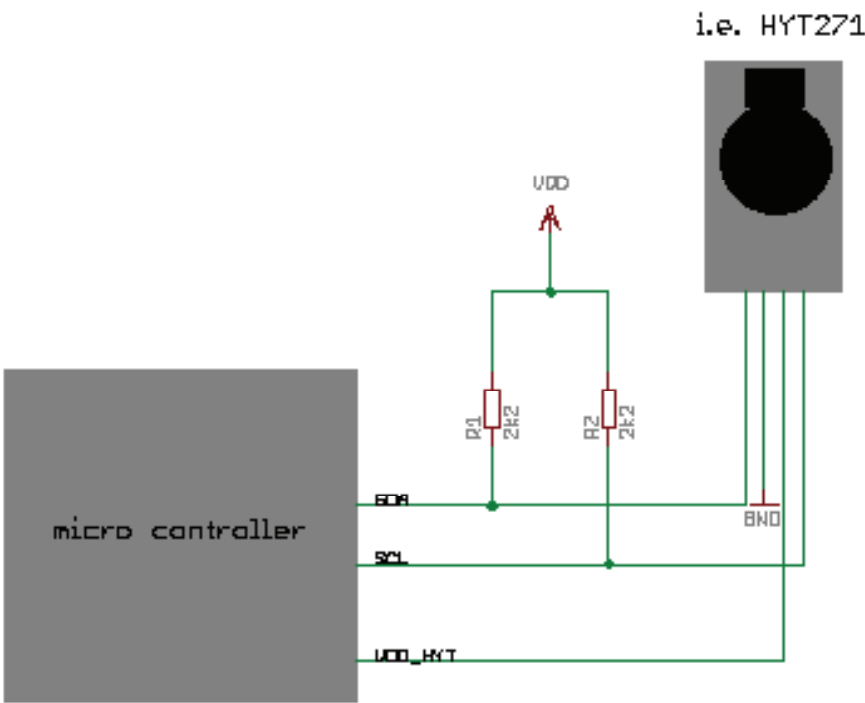
3. I²C Address Change

To change the I²C-address of the sensor module, the module must be switched into the Command-Mode. The switching is performed by sending the start-command-mode message over I²C-bus no later than 10 ms after Power-On reset. Each command-mode message is 4 byte long, like shown in table 1.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	W	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	P
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	A	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	A	P
	Slave Address									Command Byte									Command Data [15:8]									Command Data [7:0]									

Table 1

SlaveAddress:	0x28	default value
Command-Byte:	0xA0	start command-mode
	0x1C	read configurationsparameter that includes the I²C-address
	0x5C	write configurationsparameter that includes the I²C-address
	0x80	end of command-mode, start normal-mode

At writing access both command data bytes contains the data, at reading access both data bytes must be set to 0x00. The response to the command-mode message can be read out by a Data-Fetch. The response time of the command-mode messages are 100 µs.

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Table 2 shows the response to the start of the command-mode.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	R	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	N	P
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	S	S	D	D	D	D	R	R	N	P
	Slave Address									Status		Diagnostics				Response			

Table 2

Status:	10b	command-Mode
	01b	stale
Diagnostic:	xxx1b	corrected EEPROM-error
	xx1xb	uncorrectable EEPROM-error
	x1xxb	RAM Parity error
	1xxxb	configuration error
Response:	00b	busy
	01b	positive acknowledge
	10b	negative acknowledge

Table 3 shows the response to the read out of the I²C-address.

S	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	R	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	A	P
S	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	S	S	D	D	D	D	R	R	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	A	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	A	P
	Slave Address									Status		Diagnostics				Response			EEPROM Data (15:8)									EEPROM Data (7:0)										

Table 3

Status:	see table 2 on page 16
Diagnostic:	see table 2 on page 16
Response:	see table 2 on page 16
EEPROM-Data:	content of the memory

The response to the command byte 0x1C contains the I²C-address in bitposition 6:0, default value is 0101000b. The old I²C-address is valid until the module is in command mode.

The following table shows a complete process of reading and writing back of the I²C-address.

Power – On Reset

S	0x50	A	0xA0	A	0x00		A	0x00		N	P	Start Command – Mode
S	0x51	A	0x81	N	P							Response (ACK)
S	0x50	A	0x1C	A	0x00		A	0x00		N	P	Read out Data Bytes with I²C-address
S	0x51	A	0x81	A	Highbyte	A	Lowbyte			N	P	Response

Write the new address into the bits 6:0 of the lowbyte.

S	0x50	A	0x5C	A	Highbyte	A	Lowbyte		N	P	Write back Data Bytes with I²C-address
S	0x51	A	0x81	N	P						Reponse (ACK)
S	0x50	A	0x80	A	0x00	A	0x00		N	P	Start normaler mode

or alternatively Power – Off

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The following table shows the I²C timing.

Command Byte 8 Command Bits	Third and Fourth Bytes 16 Data Bits (Hex)	Description	Response Time [§§]
00_H to $1F_H$	0000_H	EEPROM Read of addresses 00_H to $1F_H$ After this command has been sent and executed, a data fetch must be performed	100 µs
40_H to $5F_H$	$YYYY_H$ (Y = data)	Write to EEPROM addresses 00_H to $1F_H$ The 2 bytes of data will be written to the address specified in the 6 LSBs of the command byte	12 ms
80_H	0000_H	Start_NOM Ends Command Mode and transitions to Normal Operation Mode	Length of initial conversions depends on temperature and capacitance resolution settings and the capacitance „mult" setting
$A0_H$	0000_H	Start_CM Start Command Mode: used to enter the command interpreting mode. Start_CM is only valid during the power-on command window	100 µs
$B0_H$	0000_H	Get revision Get the revision of the part. After this command has been sent and executed, a data fetch must be performed	100 µs

3.1 Step by Step - I²C Address Change

1. Power-on-reset
2. Within 10 ms, send command 0XA0 (start command mode) through I²C bus. The default 7 bit I²C address is 0x28. In I²C write mode, the bit "W" shall be 0

0x50	0xA0	0x00	0x00	Send Start-Command-Mode
0x51				Response fetch, the bit "R" is 1

   If the response is not 0x81, then you did not enter the command mode successfully. If the sensor can be read out correctly, but entering command mode failed, please try to reduce your clock frequency to below 100kHz, and then repeat step 1) and 2).

3. First try to read the configuration parameters stored inside EEPROM. If entering command-mode is successful, the content can be read out successfully, otherwise start from step 1)

0x50	0X1C	0X00	0X00	Send read register 1C command. Register (1C) includes the I²C address
0x51				Read out data bytes with I²C address

4. If the response is not 0x81 0x00 0x28, then you did not read successfully
   Change I²C address by sending the following command:

0x50	0x5C	0x00	0x31	Change I²C address into 0x31

   Repeat 3) to confirm whether the I²C address is successfully changed. If successful, the response is 0x81 0x00 and 0x31

5. Power-off, if 1), 2), 3) and 4) failed

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4. HYT Labkit

The labkit was developed as a Plug&Play tool for a fast evaluation of the HYT digital humidity sensors. The ready-to-use system consists of a PC-adapter with an USB connecting wire, a connection adapter with plugs for all product variants, a connection cable and an easy to operate, userfriendly WINDOWS software CD-ROM. The recording of the measured values and the graphic presentation is carried out with the help of a PC.
The provided software PCLOG enables the online visualisation, records all measured values as graphics and stores the measured values and data in a file. With the PCLOG software, it is easy to test the behaviour of the sensor in an application. Additionally, the integrated PCLOG hx-computer provides the calculation and display of dew point, absolute humidity, vapour pressure, saturated vapour pressure, enthalpy and many other meteorological parameters. The operating manual for the software and detailed instructions for installation is available on the data medium.

Note: The Labkit does not contain any sensors. The sensors must be ordered separately.

4.1 WINDOWS-Software RECORDER

With the help of the Windows-software RECORDER, included in the labkit, the measured values (relative humidity and temperature) can be recorded through the USB-interface and stored on the PC. The stored CSV format file is compatible with all spreadsheet programs, through which it is possible to further process, statistically evaluate or visualise the measured data. Additionally, the PC-software also calculates the dew point, absolute humidity, enthalpy and vapour pressure from the measured values. The calculated parameters can also be stored.

System requirements: WIN 98, WIN 2000, WIN XP or WIN 7, USB-Interface.

Important information: The USB should be connected to the PC only after installing the software. This simplifies the driver installation and enables the „Plug&Play" feature. Windows 7 automatically installs the required drivers.

Installation: A detailed installation instruction is provided on the CD, which automatically starts when inserting the CD (prerequisites: Internet-Explorer 5.0 or higher). Follow these instructions for installation.

Manual installation: Insert the enclosed CD into the drive and select „Run" in the start-menu. Then browse to select the file ‚setup.exe' under the path LW:\software\RECORDER\Deu. Follow the instructions of the installation program.
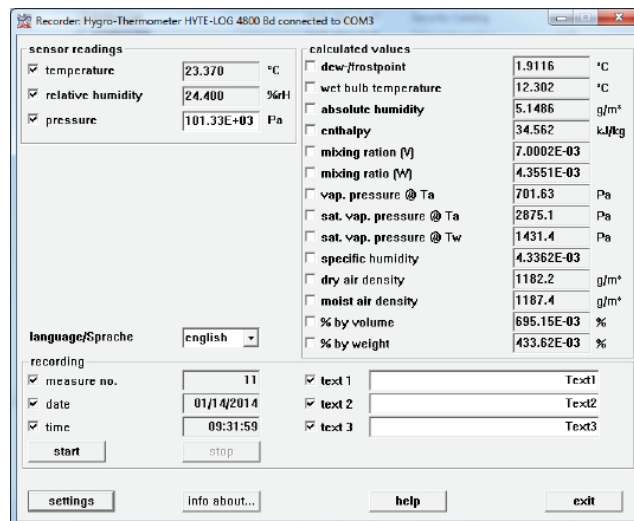
First time operation: Connect the labkit to the USB-interface. After the first software run, go to the menu option „settings" and select the device type as „HYTELOG 4800" . Then select the type of interface to be used under „connections" (Note: Mention the virtual COM-port specified during driver installation). The remaining settings (Data rate, Parity, Start and Stop bit) are automatically selected and need not to be changed. If the connection is established, the data communication appears on the window. Then select „Close". The current settings will be stored.

If you are not able to establish a data link between the PC and the measuring probe, please check the USB cable connection to the PC. Further information on debugging is available under FAQ´s on the CD.

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## HYT

Data recording: First activate the checkbox of all the measurement channels that are to be recorded. In ‚Text 1' and ‚Text 2', a description can be entered, which will appear on the header of the file. The data is recorded in the file, which is declared as a path under the settings. The recording begins with the ‚Start' button.

EXCEL™: The stored file is compatible with CSVformating. In order to display the measured data, it is possible to use graphic tools, for example, diagram-assistant. However, other programs can also be used to graphically present or evaluate the measured data.
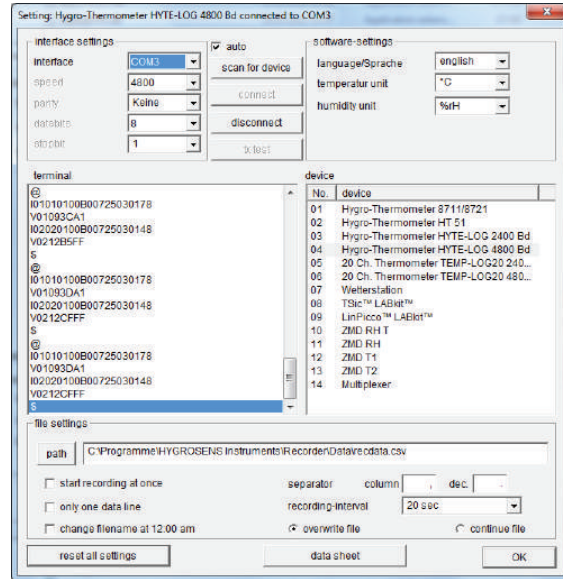
4.2 Correct Hardware Installation
Plug the HYT sensors into the sensor adapter as shown in the illustration. Please ensure the correct plug direction and that the pins are correctly inserted into the socket.

4.3 Sensor Connection
Applicable for HYT 271:
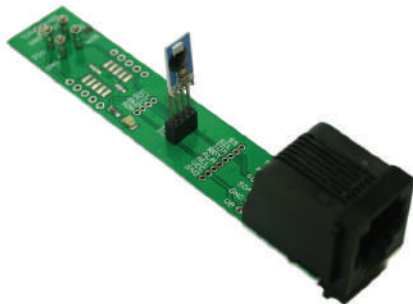
Applicable for HYT 221:

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Applicable for HYT 939:

<- orientation mark

Place the sensor as described into the adapter board and then connect it with the help of the connection leads provided with the PC adapter. Then connect the PC adapter through the USB cable to the PC or your notebook.

Sensor adapter   +   Connecting cable   +   PC adapter   +   USB cable   +   PC/notebook CD-ROM
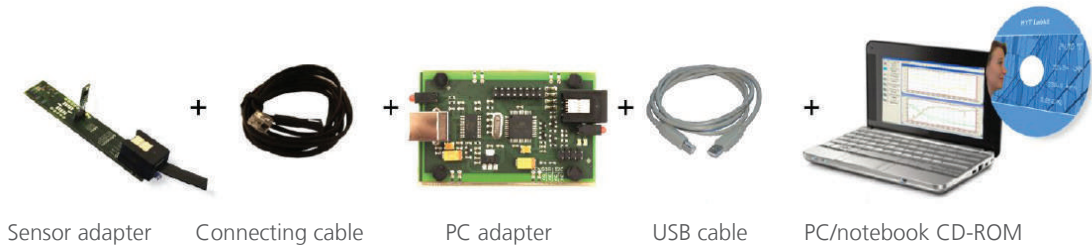
4.4 Internal Data Transfer

The communication between the PC and the measuring probe takes place serially by means of COM port emulation. Therefore, it is easy to link the measurement to your own software. (Programming knowledge presupposed). For the USB UART FTDI 232 used, drivers are available for Linux, MAC or PDAs. Further information is available on www. ftdichip.com.
The interface works on a data rate of 4800 Baud, 8 data bits, no parity and one stop-bit.

4.5 Software PCLOG

4.5.1 Visualisation and Documentation

The most important feature of the software is the graphic visualisation of all measured and recorded channels as a y/t chart (online scriber function). By means of Click & Drag, the window section can be enlarged and the time or temperature axis can be scaled as required. Multiple recording windows can be opened simultaneously. Moreover, multiple physical parameters can be presented in each window in which the axis definition, colour scheme, channel description, icons and many other options can be configured. The clipboard serves as the export function for transfer of the measured data series into a spreadsheet calculation with the help of user friendly wizards. All tables and graphic presentations can be plotted or printed in colour.
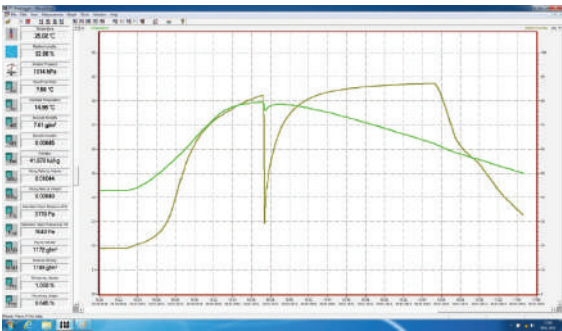
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4.5.2 Installation of Software PCLOG

The software PCLOG is included in the labkit. Open and start the file "setup.exe" in the path ...\Software\PCLog\ deu' on the enclosed CD. Please follow the installation instruction. The software is installed automatically.

Start the software PCLOG and open the option „Extras" in the menu and click on „Activation". The above dialogue box will open
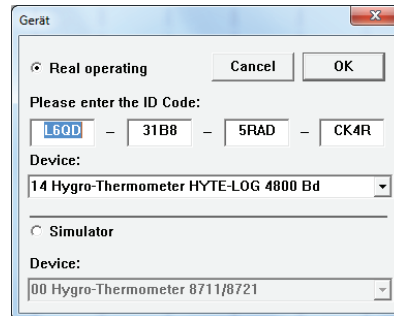
Now for the „Device", select the device driver „14 Hygro-Thermometer HYTE-LOG 4800 Bd". The activation code will be registered automatically. Confirm the dialogue with ‚OK'. Now open the option „Extras" in the menu and then go to the sub-menu „Interface". Put in the corresponding interface.
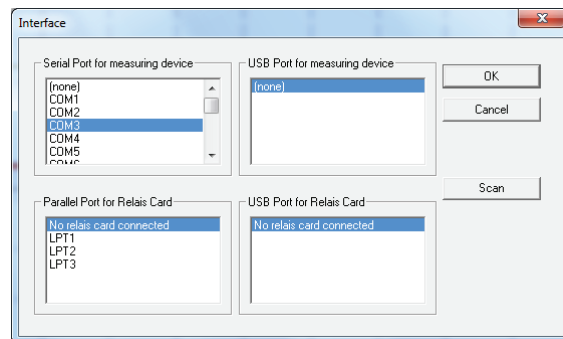
The used interface – if not known – can be determined in the device manager under Windows. (Control panel P System P Hardware P Device Manager P Connections) The PCLOG start screen appears. The measured values of the sensors are displayed on the left side.

The measurement begins in the menu with "Measurement" P "Start recording". Confirm the window selection with OK.
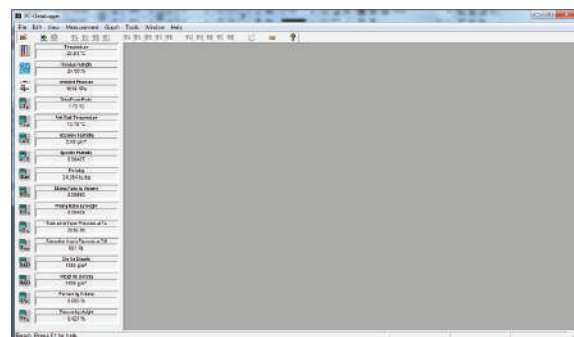
Now click on the thermometer icon and the icon with the water drops in the left side panel. The corresponding measuring curves are displayed.
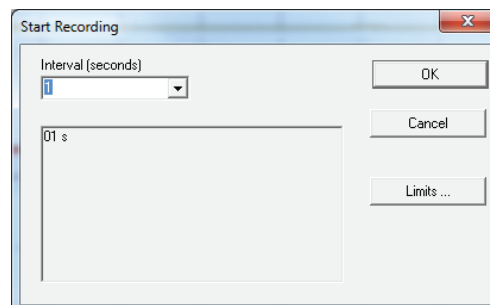
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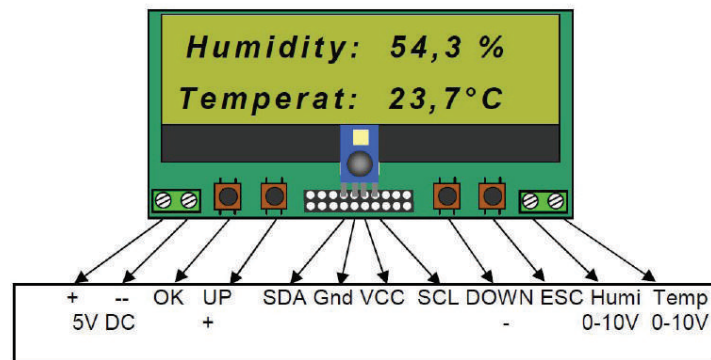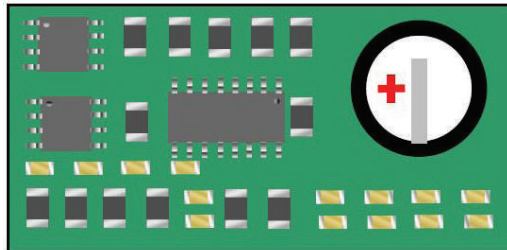
5. LCD Module for HYT 271

The Hygrochip LCD module is an easy to use demonstration and evaluation kit for HYT sensors. The measured values of the connected sensor can be displayed on the display. If an external power supply is used the measured values are also available on the analog outputs.

5.1 Pin Designation

Top

Bottom

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5.2 Description of Operation

After power on, the module shows the following information for 2 seconds:

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After that it changes to the measurement mode and shows the values of relative humidity and temperature.

Humidity   54,3 %
Temperat   23,7 °C

The following configuration options are available in addition to the measured values:

1.   CONFIGURATION
      Address 0xHH   (0x00 – 0x7F)

2.   CONFIGURATION
      Corr-Temp.   0.0K   (-1,0K – 1,0K)

3.   CONFIGURATION
      Corr-Humid   0.0%   (-1,0% - 1,0%)

Switching between the standard and configuration menus is possible by use of the UP and DOWN buttons.

By pressing the OK button into a configuration menu the software goes into the input mode. This mode is shown by the cursor and blinking of the last character. In the input mode the function of UP / DOWN will be changed to +/-. The value can be changed into the limits by pressing the +/- buttons.

The new value is stored by pressing the OK button.

By pressing the ESC button the entered value is rejected and the software leaves the input mode.

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